# **Economic Overview And Outlook: Texas**

#### **JOBS**

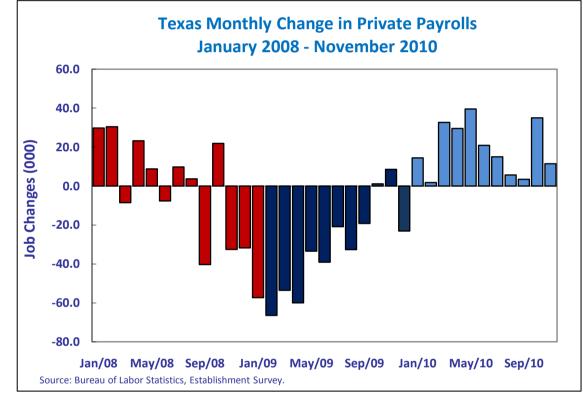
- Across the country, the private sector gained jobs in each month of 2010.
- The President's Council of Economic Advisers estimates that investments made through the Recovery Act have boosted employment in Texas by 236,000 jobs through the 3rd quarter of 2010.
- In Texas, private sector employment fell by 4.4 percent from December 2007 to December 2009. In 2010, private sector employment grew by 2.5 percent.
- In Texas, employees in the construction, manufacturing, and information services sectors faced the largest job losses (as a percent of employment within an industry) over the recession. In 2010, the following sectors in Texas experienced the greatest employment increases: mining; professional and business services; and construction.\*
- As the economy recovers from the Great Recession, service-providing industries are projected to add the most jobs between 2008 and 2018, with the largest gains in professional and business services, education, health care and social assistance, and State and local government. Within the goods-producing sector of the economy, only the construction industry is projected to add jobs above its 2008 level.

#### **EMPLOYMENT**

- The unemployment rate in Texas was 8.2 percent in November 2010, up 3.8 percentage points from December 2007, but down from its most recent peak of 8.3 percent reached in August 2010.
- 997,000 Texas residents were counted among the unemployed in Texas during November 2010.

### **EARNINGS**

Between the start of the recession in the 4th quarter of 2007 and the 3rd quarter of 2009, inflation-adjusted total personal income in the United States declined 2.2 percent. Most recently, in the 3rd quarter of 2010, total personal income remained 0.6 percent below the 2nd quarter 2008 peak.



Real per capita personal income (in 2005 \$) in Texas was \$35,418.10 in the 3rd quarter of 2010, down from \$36,285.20 in the 3rd quarter of 2008.

## Housing

- National home prices, including distressed sales, saw a decrease of 3.9 percent in October 2010 from October 2009 compared to a 2.4 percent decrease in September. In Texas, home prices saw a decrease of 0.8 percent in October 2010 from October 2009 following no change year over year in September.
- The median price of single-family homes in Texas was \$134,854 in the second quarter of 2010, compared to \$180,176 nationwide.
- As of the 3rd quarter of 2010, 1.8 percent of all mortgages, including 6.6 percent of subprime mortgages, were in foreclosure in Texas.
- Housing starts in Texas totaled 66,170 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in October 2010, a decrease of 22.1 percent from September.
- Within the South census region, which includes Texas, sales of new single-family homes totaled 164,000 units in October 2010, an increase of 3.1 percent from September. Sales of existing single-family homes decreased 2.5 percent to 1,530,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from September to October 2010.

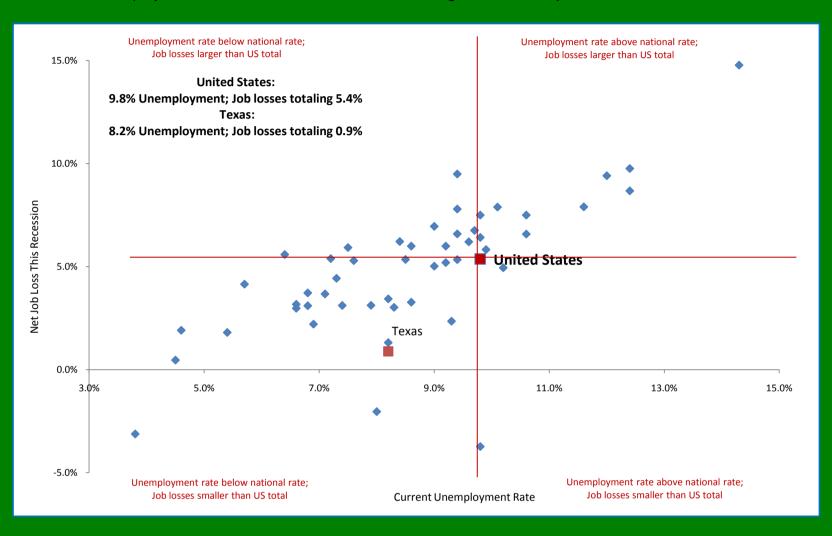
<sup>\*</sup> For Texas-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Texas office: http://www.tracer2.com/?PAGEID=133

# How Does Texas Compare To Other States?

Workers across the country have been hard hit by the Great Recession. This chart allows you to compare Texas to other states using two metrics.

The current unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor market conditions faced by residents, while the proportion of jobs lost within Texas over the course of the recession (shown along the vertical axis) measures the toll the recession has taken on the job supply in Texas.

States falling in the upper right quadrant have lost a disproportionate share of jobs, relative to the total United States, and have unemployment rates higher than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower left quadrant have unemployment rates lower than the national average and smaller job losses over the recession.



## STATE QUICK FACTS

	Texas	United States
Unemployment RatesNovember 20	008 5.7%	6.9%
November 20	009 8.2%	10.0%
November 20	010 8.2%	9.8%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans2009	6.6%	7.1%
Veterans' Unemployment Rate 2009	7.6%	8.9%
Median Household Income 2007	\$ 47,641	\$ 51,965
<b>(2009 \$)</b> 2009	\$ 47,475	\$ 49,777
Poverty Rate	16.5%	12.5%
2009	17.3%	14.3%
No Health Insurance	25.2%	15.3%
2009	26.1%	16.7%